



# Keble College Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech

The following Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech was approved by Governing Body on 8 October 2025. It supersedes version agreed by Governing Body on 12 February 2025.

## 1. Introduction

1.1 This Code of Practice sets out Keble College's values and expectations relating to freedom of speech and academic freedom and how these values and expectations are applied to College activities.

1.2 Freedom of speech means the freedom, within the law, to receive and impart ideas, opinions or information by means of speech, writing or images (including in electronic form).

1.3 Academic freedom is a separate, but complementary right. It applies, in relation to academic staff at the College, and means their freedom within the law to question and test received wisdom, and to put forward new ideas and controversial or unpopular opinions, including their opinions about the College, without institutional censorship and without placing themselves in jeopardy of losing their jobs or privileges.

1.4 References in this Code of Practice to "College premises" means all land, buildings, or other premises owned, leased or occupied by the College or under the day-to-day control of the College.

1.5 The University has their own duty to secure freedom of speech and has their own Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech.

## 2. Legislative framework

2.1 The legal duty of UK universities to protect free speech and academic freedom is enshrined in the Higher Education (Freedom of Speech) Act 2023 and is also protected under Article 10 of the European Convention on Human Rights which has effect through the Human Rights Act 1998. Academic freedom is also protected under the Education Reform Act 1988.

2.2 Part A1 of the Act states that:

(1) The governing body of a registered higher education provider must take the steps that, having particular regard to the importance of freedom of speech, are reasonably practicable for it to take in order to achieve the objective in subsection (2).

(2) That objective is securing freedom of speech within the law for:

(a) staff of the provider,

- (b) members of the provider<sup>1</sup>,
- (c) students of the provider,<sup>2</sup> and
- (d) visiting speakers.<sup>3</sup>

(3) The objective in subsection (2) of the Act includes securing that—

(a) the use of any premises of the provider is not denied to any individual on the basis of their ideas or opinions or in respect of their ability to put forward new ideas and controversial or unpopular opinions so that they are not placed at risk of being adversely affected so that they lose their jobs or privileges within the College or their chances of promotion or securing different jobs is reduced.

2.3 Part A2 of the Act states further that the governing body must maintain a code of practice setting out certain matters related to freedom of speech, which are addressed in this document.

### **3. Values**

3.1 Freedom of speech within the law and academic freedom are central tenets of College life and must be robustly protected.

3.2 In all its activities, the College seeks to:

- (1) secure and promote civic and academic freedoms including freedom of speech;
- (2) ensure a very high level of protection for the lawful expression of a viewpoint and for speech in an academic context; and
- (3) foster a culture of openness and inclusion, in which members of our community engage with each other, and the public, in debate and discussion, and remain open to both intellectual challenge and change.

### **4. Conduct**

4.1 Inevitably, this will mean that members of the College are confronted with views that some find shocking, disturbing or offensive. The College believes that a culture of free, open and robust discussion can be achieved only if all concerned engage critically but courteously with each other.

4.2 The College is committed to fostering an inclusive culture which promotes equality, values diversity and maintains a working, learning and social environment in which the rights and dignity of all members of the College community are respected. In accordance with the terms of its Harassment [Policy and Procedure](#), the College does not tolerate any form of harassment, bullying or victimisation and expects all members of the College community, its visitors and contractors to treat each other with respect, courtesy and consideration

4.3 Within the bounds prescribed by law, all voices or views which any member of our community considers relevant should be given the chance of a hearing. Wherever possible, they should also be exposed to evidence, questioning and argument. As an integral part of this commitment to freedom of expression, we will take steps to ensure that all such exchanges happen peacefully and respectfully. With

---

<sup>1</sup> “member”, does not include a person who is a member of the College solely because of having been a student of the College.

<sup>2</sup> A “student” means a person undertaking, or with a binding offer to undertake, a course of study or a programme of research at the University (or that leads to an award granted by the University).

<sup>3</sup> A “visiting speaker” means a person who has been invited to speak at the College by a member, student or College employee acting in their capacity as a member, student or College employee

appropriate regulation of the time, place and manner of events, members of our community should have no reasonable grounds to feel intimidated or censored.

4.4 Peaceful protest is a legitimate expression of freedom of speech. However, such protest must not shut down debate nor cause substantial disruption to College activities. The respect which the College expects all members of the College community to demonstrate towards each other is particularly important where it comprises respect for the right of others to speak freely and exercise their academic freedom. Staff, students and members of the College wishing to protest either on College Premises or on non-College premises in a manner which may disrupt College activities, must seek permission in advance by referring the matter under the Procedure for Meetings and Events set out in **Annex A** of this Code. Carrying out such protests without permission may lead to disciplinary action under the relevant procedures (as set out in paragraph 4.5). The College may also take action to remove any unauthorised encampment or occupation under its common law power of removal or by court proceedings. Guidance on Demonstrations or Protests is available as **Annex B** to this Code.

4.5 Complaints about the behaviour of individuals should be made under the appropriate procedure:

- a) Complaints about staff members should be made under the College's [Harassment Policy and Procedure](#) as set out above;
- b) Complaints about students should be made under the College's [Non-Academic Misconduct: Code and Procedure](#);
- c) Complaints about others should in the first instance be made to the Warden.

4.6 Complaints that arise in the University context (i.e., in the course of University activity or on University premises) should normally be made to the University.

4.7 All activity in relation to this paragraph 4 must be risk assessed and planned in accordance with the College's [Health and Safety Policy](#).

## 5. Procedures

5.1 The Act requires that this Code of Practice sets out procedures to be followed in connection with the organisation of meetings and other activities at Keble College.

5.2 The College ensures that its teaching, research, curriculum, policies and procedures reflect its duties to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable and having particular regard to their importance, freedom of speech and academic freedom within the law.

5.3 This Code of Practice therefore applies to the College procedures to be followed by staff and students (including College Common Rooms and Societies) when organising any activities that relate to academic life, whether those activities take place on or off College premises, including activities relating to: admission, appointment, reappointment, employment and promotion of staff, disciplinary matters, equality, diversity and inclusion, fitness to practice, harassment and bullying, IT, social media, Prevent duty, principles of curricular design, research ethics, speaker events staff and student codes of conduct.

5.4 In making any decision under any of these procedures or otherwise, or adopting any policy that could directly or indirectly (and positively or negatively) affect freedom of speech, the College will take into account:<sup>4</sup>

- (a) the importance of academic freedom (as required e.g., by the Education Reform Act 1988 and the Act);

---

<sup>4</sup> For full guidance see [Regulatory advice 24: Guidance related to freedom of speech - Office for Students](#)

(b) the need to take reasonably practicable steps, having particular regard to the importance of freedom of speech, to ensure that freedom of speech within the law (including academic freedom) is secured (as required e.g., by the Act);

(c) the rights and freedoms enshrined in the European Convention on Human Rights and incorporated into domestic law by the Human Rights Act 1998;

(d) the Public Sector Equality Duty which requires universities to have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, promote equality of opportunity, and foster good relations between different groups; and

(e) the [Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015](#) which requires universities to 'have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism' (section 26 (1)) and which also provides that 'when carrying out the duty imposed by section 26 (1)', universities 'must have particular regard to the duty to ensure freedom of speech; and to the importance of academic freedom.'

5.5 A breach of this Code may lead to disciplinary action being taken under the appropriate College procedure (including staff disciplinary procedures for staff or the [Non-Academic Misconduct Code and Procedure](#) for students).

5.6 Complaints that the College has breached its duties in relation to freedom of speech under the Act may be raised by any of the individuals listed in section 2.2(2) and 2.3 above. Complaints may also be brought by a person who was formerly within one of those categories, where their complaint relates to events which occurred while they had that status and which impacted them in that capacity. The appropriate procedure for raising such complaints is as follows:

(a) complaints by members of staff should be addressed under any applicable grievance procedure unless they are related to other complaints and/or form part of an existing complaint, and/or fall under the scope of another staff procedure, in which case they should be raised within the procedure associated with those other complaints (e.g., disciplinary);

(b) complaints by students should be raised under the [Student Complaints Procedure](#) unless they are related to other complaints and/or form part of an existing complaint, and/or fall under the scope of another student procedure, in which case they should be raised within the procedure associated with those other complaints (e.g. the Harassment Policy and Procedure);

(c) complaints by any other person falling within 2.2(2) and 2.3 above (e.g., visiting speakers or job applicants) should be raised in the first instance to the Dean.

On receipt of any such complaint, the College will consider the most appropriate procedure to be followed, in consultation with relevant colleagues and the complainant and in some cases they may refer the matter to be considered under a different more appropriate procedure.

Complaints should be made within 3 months, extendable where not reasonably practicable to complain within that time period.

5.7 The Office for Students (OfS) operates a free speech complaints scheme. Under that scheme, the OfS can, at its discretion, review complaints about free speech from members, staff, applicants for academic posts and (actual or invited) visiting speakers. Information about the complaints that the OfS can review is available on its website ([Home - Office for Students](#)).

## **6.College Meetings and Events**

6.1 Through the implementation of this Code, the College will take reasonably practicable steps to ensure that freedom of speech within the law is secured within its community and that the use of its premises

and services is not inappropriately denied to any of the persons listed in section 2.2(2) and 2.3 above on any ground connected with their beliefs or views or the policy or objectives of a body of which they are a member. The College acts in a risk-based and proportionate manner and will always aim to allow an event to go ahead, provided that it is within the law and does not shut down debate, pose unacceptable risks to individuals or cause substantial disruption to College activities and will work with the organisers towards this goal. Cancellation of events is undesirable and should be exceptional.

6.2 A Member, students (including Common Rooms and College Societies) or employee of the College who is organising a meeting or event (including those that take place online) or is responsible for administering external bookings of College premises (“the Organiser”) is responsible for assessing those meetings and events in the context of this Code, and other relevant College policies. The Organiser **MUST** follow the procedure outlined in **Annex A** to this Code in any of the following circumstances:

(a) the meeting or event may give rise to an environment in which people will experience, or could reasonably fear, discrimination, harassment, intimidation, verbal abuse or violence, particularly (but not exclusively) on account of their age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage or civil partnership, pregnancy, maternity, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation;

(b) the event is a protest<sup>5</sup> which is intended to take place on College premises and/or in a manner which may disrupt College activities, including by any person<sup>6</sup> occupying or setting up camp on College premises;

(c) the event could involve the use of College Premises for any purpose or in any manner that may cause damage to College premises; loss or damage to any person or put the College in breach of any law or obligation (contractual or otherwise) to any person;

(d) the event may shut down debate or prevent others from speaking freely or exercising their academic freedom;

and/or

(e) the meeting or event may pose a risk to the safety of any person.

If Organisers are in any doubt or have any questions or need for further information, they are encouraged to discuss the situation with the Domestic Bursar in the first instance, and then seek advice, as appropriate, from the Dean and the University Security Services. No meeting or event which a student (including Common Rooms and College Societies) or employee is proposing to be held on College premises may be refused, cancelled or altered as a result of the ideas or opinions (in the case of an individual, or a member of a body) or the policy or objectives (in the case of a body) of the individual or body seeking to hold the meeting or event save as a result of consideration by the Dean.

## **7. Monitoring and review**

7.1 Keble College will periodically review the contents and operation of this Code of Practice and report on its operation and recommend amendments to it for consideration by Governing Body as appropriate or necessary.

---

<sup>5</sup> Protest includes any demonstration, protest, rally or similar event

<sup>6</sup> “Person” means any natural person, corporate or unincorporated body

## ANNEX A: PROCEDURES FOR MEETINGS AND EVENTS

A1. This Annex is issued under section 6.2 of the College's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech (the "Code").

A2. Where a meeting or event falls under section 6.2 (a)-(e) of the Code, the Organiser should formally notify the meeting or event to the College Dean at least twenty (20) working days in advance of the meeting or event. The Dean can be contacted at dean@keble.ox.ac.uk. If less notice is given the Dean will seek to consider the matter in the reduced timeframe if there are compelling reasons why the meeting or event cannot be delayed and if it is reasonably practical to do so. However, if there are no compelling reasons why the event cannot be delayed and/or if it is not practically possible for the College to make the necessary arrangements in the reduced time, the organiser may need to organise and fund security independently.

A3. In the context of this Code, the Dean is entrusted with the duty to assess the implications of events formally referred to them and to act in accordance with the College's legal responsibilities, including as set out in the conduct and procedures in this Code.

A4. On receipt, the case will be assessed by the Dean who will consult with appropriate colleagues in College. The starting point, for the College Dean considering a particular event will be that the event should be allowed unless there are compelling and exceptional reasons for it not to proceed.

A5. As required by section 12 of the Terrorism Act 2000, the Dean will not give permission to hold a meeting or event where it is known that:

- (a) the proposed speaker belongs to, or professes to belong to, a [proscribed organisation](#); or
- (b) the proposed speaker will use the event to support, or to further the activities of, a proscribed organisation.

A6. In exceptional circumstances, it may be reasonable to refuse permission for a College meeting or event where the Dean reasonably believes (from the nature of the speakers or from similar activities in the past whether held at the College or otherwise) that:

- the views likely to be expressed by any speaker are contrary to the law;
- the intention of any speaker is likely to incite breaches of the law or to intend breaches of the peace to occur;
- the meeting is likely to include the expression of viewpoints that are reasonably believed to be highly controversial and/or offensive and the Organiser will not permit contrary or opposing viewpoints to be held or expressed;
- the views likely to be expressed by any speaker are for the promotion of any illegal organisation or purpose, including organisations listed on the government's list of proscribed terrorist groups or organisations;
- the event is likely to shut down debate or prevent others from speaking freely or exercising their academic freedom;
- the event is a protest which involves any person occupying or setting up camp on College Premises;
- the event is likely to involve the use of College Premises for any purpose or in any manner that may cause damage to College premises or loss, damage, or injury to any person or put the College in breach of any law or obligation (contractual or otherwise) to any person;
- the event is likely to cause substantial disruption to College activities which cannot be mitigated by conditions imposed by the College Dean under paragraph A8;

- it is in the interest of public safety, the prevention of disorder or crime, that the meeting does not take place.

A7. The lawful expression of controversial or unpopular views will not in itself constitute reasonable grounds for withholding permission for a College meeting or event.

A8. Where the College is reasonably satisfied that the otherwise lawful expression of views at an event or meeting on College Premises is likely to give rise to disorder or threats to the safety of any person, they shall consider what steps it is necessary to take to ensure the safety of all persons and the security of College Premises. This might include postponing or relocating a meeting or event or imposing conditions. The responsibility for fulfilling these conditions rests with the Organiser.

A9. The College will usually carry out a risk assessment for each meeting or event falling under this Code of Practice. Where the College decides that the meeting or event requires security then except as set out in A10 below, the College will cover the costs of security for using the College's premises for a meeting or event falling under the College Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech up to £1000.

A10. The College will not cover the costs of security for using the relevant premises in the following exceptional circumstances:

- that the costs exceed £1000 which would be rare for an event at the College;
- where the costs are wholly disproportionate to the numbers likely to be attending the event and the event could be held in a more proportionate way;
- where the visiting speaker could reasonably be expected to have their own security because of the political or state office they hold.
- Where those involved do not fall within the categories listed at 2.2(2) of the College's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech.

A11. Any request to pay security costs will not be influenced to any degree by the ideas or opinions of any individual involved in organising the event or meeting, or by the policy or objectives of, or the views of any of the members of, anybody involved in organising the event.

In all other cases security costs will only be passed on in exceptional circumstances, when costs exceed £1000 which would be rare at the College.

A12. In the exceptional event that security costs are to be passed on to the organiser of the event, the College will supply the organiser of the event with a clear written summary of its calculation of the expected security cost and an explanation for this calculation. The summary may be appealed by submitting an appeal in writing to the Bursar.

A13. In the event that:

- a meeting or event falls under section 6.2 (a)-(e) of the College's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech but the Organiser does not notify the Dean; or
- the Dean reasonably considers that the risk cannot be mitigated by the imposition of conditions; or
- the Dean reasonably believes that the Organiser will not comply with the conditions,

then in each case the College Dean can refuse consent for the meeting to go ahead and/or cancel the meeting or event and they may do so even if the relevant College procedure has not been exhausted.

A14. If the Organiser does not comply with the conditions or goes ahead with the meeting or event after the Dean has refused consent or cancelled the meeting or event then such action may lead to disciplinary action under the relevant procedures (as set out in paragraph 4.3 of the College's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech) and where relevant the College may remove any unauthorised encampment or occupation under its common law power of removal or by court proceedings.

A15. The Dean will communicate their decision promptly and will set out the reasons for the decision.

A16. If any of the individuals listed in section 2.2(2) and 2.3 of the College's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech is dissatisfied with the decision of the Dean in relation to a meeting or event they may refer the matter under the relevant complaints procedure as set out in sections 5.6 – 5.7 of the College's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech.

## ANNEX B: GUIDANCE ON DEMONSTRATIONS OR PROTESTS

This Guidance is issued under section 4.2 of the College's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech (the "Code").

We uphold freedom of speech within the law, as outlined in the College's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech.

Free, open and robust discussion is essential to our academic community. However, such a culture can only be maintained when all participants engage with each other in ways which may be critical but which are courteous. The College does not tolerate harassment or victimisation in any form. We expect all members of the College community, as well as visitors and contractors, to treat each other with respect, courtesy, and consideration. Please refer to the [College Harassment Policy](#).

The College is committed to fostering an inclusive culture that promotes equality and which values diversity. The College has a responsibility to maintain a safe, effective, and welcoming environment for all our students, staff, and visitors.

A demonstration or protest will fall within the College's procedures for meetings and events (as set out in section 6 of the Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech. As such organizers must contact the College in advance, following the procedure set out in Annex A of the Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech, and the additional guidance below; a risk assessment will be required. The College has a duty to facilitate protests and will work with organisers to ensure that protests can take place but do not violate the College Statutes and hence result in disciplinary procedures.

College members participating in protests are required to identify themselves to College officials when requested to do so. Failure to do so is a breach of the [Non-Academic Misconduct: Code and Procedure](#) which all students with a contract to study at the College must abide by.

Students will face disciplinary investigation if the conditions set out in the [Non-Academic Misconduct: Code and Procedure](#) are breached. The following extract from the *Non-Academic Misconduct: Code and Procedure* are examples of clauses which are relevant to protests:

Examples of misconduct include (but are not limited to):

- Unauthorised disruption or attempted disruption of teaching or research or study or the administration, sporting, social, cultural, or other activities of the College;
- Unauthorised disruption or attempted disruption of the lawful exercise of freedom of speech, including by visiting speakers;
- Unauthorised occupation or attempted occupation or use of any property or facilities of the College;
- Defacement, damage, destruction or attempted defacement, damage or destruction to College property or abuse of its facilities;
- Obstruction of the freedom of speech;
- Violent, indecent, disorderly, threatening, or offensive behaviour or language;
- Action which is likely to cause injury or to impair safety;
- Refusal to comply with reasonable requirements by the Porters, Junior Deans, or other members of staff to discontinue unacceptable behaviour and/or withdraw from the scene of an incident;
- Refusal to disclose your name and other relevant details to an officer, employee or agent of the College in circumstances where it is reasonable to require such information to be given.

The possible consequences of such misconduct are set out in the [Non-Academic Misconduct: Code and Procedure](#).

In addition to actions that the College may take under its Statutes, unauthorised occupation of College land or buildings may lead to legal action including the College issuing court possession proceedings or exercising its common law power of removal.

In addition to the procedure set out in Annex A, organisers of protests:

- Must follow any guidance issued by College officers to ensure the safety and security of all participants, College members, visitors, and property;
- Must make sure all participants are aware of, and follow, any guidance issued by College officers;
- Must not attach any signs, posters or banners to College property, or display them on, or out of, College windows;
- When the protest is over, must ensure the protest location is in the same state as when it began.